DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS FOR: ALEXANDER ESTATES

EXISTING DRAINAGE

Total acreage for this subdivision, located west of Browning Road and south of Boonville-New Harmony, is 19.85 Acres gross. Approximately 11.70 acres drains to two existing lakes located within the property, which in turn drains to the Northwest. The remainder of the property flows to two separate ditches, one North of the site and one South.

The soil types for Alexander Estates are as follow:

HoB2 - Hosmer Silt Loam, 2 to 6%, eroded

St - Stendal Silt Loam,

WeD2 - Wellston Silt Loam, 12 to 18%, eroded

ZaD3 - Zanesville Silt Loam, 12 to 18%, severely eroded

ZaC3 - Zannesville Silt Loam, 12 to 16%, severely eroded

The site to be developed may be described as hilly (avg grade = 6.5%) with approximately 35% wooded with the remainder in pasture. In addition there is one existing home and additional structures located on the site. The undeveloped runoff coefficient was obtained by weighted average from values found in the Vanderburgh Storm Water Drainage Control Ordinance and from table 3.1 and table 3.2(a) from the HERPEC Manual. That value is as follows:

 $C_d = 0.488$

Existing surface conditions

Wooded Area Pasture Lake Gravel Drive House, garages Tennis Court Lawn Area Proposed Surface Conditions	4.40 AC 8.11 AC 5.23 AC 0.44 AC 0.12 AC 0.17 AC 1.37 AC	C = 0.36 C = 1.00 C = 0.70 C = 0.95 C = 0.95
Adjusted Wooded Area Adjusted Pasture Existing Lake Existing Gravel Drive Existing House, Garages Existing Tennis Court Existing Lawn Area Improvement to Gravel Drive 4 New Houses, Garages 4 New Patio Areas 4 New Drives	2.18 AC 4.05 AC 5.23 AC 0.44 AC 0.12 AC 0.17 AC 1.37 AC 0.26 AC 0.25 AC 0.09 AC 0.18 AC	C = 0.36 C = 1.00 C = 0.70 C = 0.95 C = 0.95 C = 0.15 C = 0.70 C = 0.95

There are portions of four separate watersheds located within this site. Their areas within this proposed subdivision are as follows:

- 1. Large Lake Sub-basin : 9.04 AC
- 2. Small Lake Sub-basin : 2.66 AC
- 3. North Ditch Sub-basin : 7.24 AC
- 4. South Ditch Sub-basin : 0.91 AC

Time of concentration for each sub-basin was calculated using Kerby's formula and a value for N = 0.46.

Required storage for this site was calculated utilizing form 800 and are as follows:

The total required storage for the proposed development is equal to 0.0850 acre-feet which equals 3702.6 cubic feet. This is equivalent to raising the existing lakes level 0.016'=0.19'' (3/16'').

It is our opinion that the amount of development proposed in relation to the lot sizes planned has resulted in an insignificant increase in the runoff and insignificant amount of additional required storm water storage. We feel it would be impractical to attempt to adjust the discharge structures of the lakes to achieve the additional 3/16" required storage.

Project	Detention Facility Design Return Period yrs	
Designer	Release Rate Return Periodyrs	
Watershed Area 9.04 Time of Concentration (undevelopment of Concentration) Rainfall Intensity (iu) 4.3	oped watershed) 22.2 minutes	
Undeveloped Runoff Coefficient Undeveloped Runoff Rate (0 = C Developed Runoff Coefficient (0	(C _U) <u>0.53/</u> i _U A _U) 20.98 cfs	

Storm Duration	Rainfall Intensity	Inflow Rate	Outflow Rate	Storage Rate	Required Storage
t _d	ia	I(t _d)	0		
		(C _D i _d A _D)	(C _U i _U A _U)	I(t _d)-0	$\left[I(t_d) - 0 \right] \frac{t_d}{12}$
(hrs)	(inches/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(acre-ft)
0.17	5,45	24,04	20,98	3.06	,04
0.33	4.15	18.3	20.18	3100	, ,
0.50	3.40				
0.67	2.85				
0.83	2.60				
: 1.0	2,30				
1.5	1.85				
2.0	1.40				
3.0					
4.0					
5.0					
6.0					
7.0					
8.0					
9.0	-				
10.0					

Figure 6.2 Computation Sheet for Detention Storage Calculations Using the Rational Method

Project	Detention Facility Desi	gn Return Periodyrs.
Designer	Release Rate Return Per	iodyrs.
Watershed Area 2,60 Time of Concentration (undevelo	vacres	minutes
Rainfall Intensity (i _{II}) 5.0	1	inches/hr
Undeveloped Runoff Coefficient		
Undeveloped Runoff Rate (O = C_r		cfs
Developed Runoff Coefficient (C	, , ,	

Storm Duration	Rainfall Intensity	Inflow Rate	Outflow Rate	Storage Rate	Required Storage
t _d	ia	I(t _d)	0		
		(C _D i _d A _D)	(C _U i _U A _U)	I(t _d)-0	$\left[I(t_{d})-0\right]\frac{t_{d}}{12}$
(hrs)	(inches/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(acre-ft)
0.17	5,45	7,07	7,17		
0.33	4.15		7.17		
0.50	3.40				
0.67	2.95				
0.83	2.60			V	
1.0	2.30				
1.5	1.85				
2.0	1.40				
3.0					
4.0					
5.0					
6.0					
7.0					
8.0					
9.0					
10.0					

Figure 6.2 Computation Sheet for Detention Storage Calculations Using the Rational Method

Project	Detention Facility Desi	gn Return Period <u>25</u> yrs
Designer	Release Rate Return Per	iod <u>25</u> yrs
Watershed Area 7.24	/acres	
Time of Concentration (undevelo	oped watershed) 24,3	minutes
Rainfall Intensity (i _U)		
Undeveloped Runoff Coefficient	(C _U) _, 53/	
Undeveloped Runoff Rate (0 = C	1 ⁱ u ^A u) /6.63	cfs
Developed Runoff Coefficient (C	0,400 .	

Storm Duration	Rainfall Intensity	Inflow Rate	Outflow Rate	Storage Rate	Required Storage
t _d	ⁱ a	I(t _d)	0		
		(C _D i _d A _D)	(CuiuAu)	I(t _d)-0	$\left[1(t_{d})-0\right]\frac{t_{d}}{12}$
(hrs)	(inches/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(acre-ft)
0.17	5.45	19,25	14,03	3.22	, 845
0.33	4,15	14.64	14.03		
0.50			- ·		
0.67					
0.83					
1.0					
1.5					
2.0					
3.0					
4.0					
5.0					d
6.0					
7.0					
8.0					
9.0					
10.0					

Figure 6.2 Computation Sheet for Detention Storage Calculations Using the Rational Method

Project	Detention	Facility	Design	Return Perio	d <u>25</u> yrs.
Designer	Release F	Rate Return	Period	25	yrs.
Watershed Area 0.91	acres				
Time of Concentration (undevelopment	oped water	shed) 11.4	9 min	nutes	
Rainfall Intensity (i _{II})S	.623		inc	ches/hr	
Undeveloped Runoff Coefficient	(C ₁₁)	0.53/			
Undeveloped Runoff Rate (O = C	i,A,,)	2.72	cfs	5	
Developed Runoff Coefficient (, , ,	0,480			

Storm Duration	Rainfall Intensity	Inflow Rate	Outflow Rate	Storage Rate	Required Storage
t _d	ia	I(t _d)	0		
		(C _D i _d A _D)	(C _U i _U A _U)	I(t _d)-0	$\left[[(t_d) - 0] \frac{t_d}{12} \right]$
(hrs)	(inches/hr)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(acre-ft)
0.17	5,45	2,42	2,72		
0.33	5,45 4,15				
0.50			3.45)		
0.67					
0.83					
1.0					
1.5					
2.0					
3.0					
4.0					
5.0					10
6.0					
7.0					
8.0					
9.0	1				
10.0					

Figure 6.2 Computation Sheet for Detention Storage Calculations Using the Rational Method